job seekers of economically weaker sections to move into this area and the squatters who are given tenements may rent them out. Apart from the lack of infrastructural facilities like Electricity, Sewerage and Water supply, the scheme does not envisage other facilities like School, Theatre, Market, Hospitals, Colleges, etc. A spate of unauthorised constructions have also started alongwith the periphery of Rohini.

(c) and (d) DDA has reported that all efforts are being made to implement the various aspects of the scheme including the acquisition and development of land, provision of services and release of plot etc. The following progress in providing various facilities has been made by DDA in connection with Rohini Projects:—

Roads provided: 160 Km.

Water supply lines laid: 120 kms (Water is now available in Rohini).

Sewer lines laid: About 100 kms.

Electricity: 14 Electric sub-stations have been constructed out of which 7 have been energised. The electricity is now available in Rohini. Street lighting provided and energised: 5 kms. The Delhi Water Supply and Sewage Disposal Undertaking under the Municipal Corporation of Delhi has agreed to supply 10 mgd. of water in the first phase of Development of Rohini by 1985. They have reported that feeder mains to two Over Head Tanks have practically been completed except for inter connection. Estimate for laying of feeder main to the 3rd tank in Rohini area has recently been sanctioned and work will be taken up shortly. A scheme amounting to Rs. 50.6 crores for the construction of 75 MGD capacity sewage treatment plant near village Rithala along with various sewage pumping stations and pumping mains has been sanctioned. This plant will cater for the entire development area of North West Delhi including Rohini project. The work on the construction of the 1st phase of the scheme including construction of 40 mgd. capacity sewage treatment plant at Rithala Sewage Pumping station at Bharat Nagar, Rithala and at Haiderpuri alongwith pumping mains is already in progress. DDA has undertaken housing and Group housing also in addition to plotted development. Land for 129 Group Housing Cooperative Societies within the Rohini Project has been provided by DDA. Apart from the allotment of land to Cooperative Group Housing, in order to give impetus to the project, the following housing schemes have also been taken up:—

E.W.S. : 1530 houses.

L.I.G. : 1738 houses.

M.I.G. : 2384 houses.

Out of the above houses, 1126 EWS and 1738 LIC houses have already been released to the public.

Kharif Insurance in Maharashtra

1250. DR. (SHRIMATI) NAJMA HEPTULLA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of money earmarked for kharif insurance in Maharashtra;

(b) whether any sum is likely to be contributed by the Central Government; and

(c) if so, the amount of money to be contributed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA): (a) No specific monetary provision has been made by the State Government for Insurance of Kharif Crops. However, the State Government has fixed a target of Rs. 10 crores for sum insured for Kharif 1984 season.

(b) and (c) Central Government would contribute 33.33 per cent (i.e. 1/3rd) of the premium payable by small and marginal farmers during Kharif 1984 season. The exact amount payable by the Central Government would, however, depend on the extent of coverage during the season.

Memorandum from the Employees Association of the Central Fisheries Corporation

1251. SHRI ARABINDA GHOSH: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have recntly received any memorandum from the Employees' Association of the Central Fisheries Corporation; if so, what are the details thereof;

(b) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to re-deploy the Ex-CFC employees in the Rashtriya Matsya Nigam Ltd;

(c) if so, what are the details in this regard; and

(d) what decision for alternative employment of the CWC's staff was taken in October, 1981 when Government decided to wind up the CFC?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA): (a) to (c) Yes Sir. The memorandum seeks employment for the ex-employees of the Central Fisheries Corporation in the proposed Rashtriya Matsya Nigam Ltd.

The details of the Nigam are being worked out. The former employees of the Central Fisheries Corporation can apply for employment in the Nigam as and when it is registered and vacancies announced.

(d) In October, 1981, the Government decided to wind up the Central Fisheries Corporation, and to retrench the staff by paying their terminal benefits. Efforts were, however, made to get alternative employment for the regular employees of the Corporation.

Teachers working on ad hoc or temporary basis in Colleges and in Universities

1252. SHRI SURAJ PRASAD: Will the Minister of EDUCATION AND CULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the National Commission on teachers for Higher Education has found that 47 per cent of the teachers in colleges and universities work in on ad hoc or temporary basis;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) what is Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRIES OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE AND SOCIAL WELFARE (SHRIMATI SHEILA KAUL): (a) to (c) In its interim Report, the National Commission on Teachers for higher education has, among others observed that 22 per cent teachers from Government institutions, 9 per cent from private aided institutions, and 11 per cent from private unaided institutions worked on adhoc arrangements. Again, 43 per cent teachers from Government institutions, 23 per cent from private aided institutions and 31 per cent from private unaided institutions have worked on temporary appointments, for varying durations.

The recommendations contained in the Interim Report have still to be examined by the Government. How-